I am Genius.

I pass my exam with 96x/1000. Rip, ACL mod 3 (with ip addresses not the same as in 9tut) In last Access-list entry I used “permit ip any any” and got maximum points on Security section

In dragNdrop was cables(straight, crossover, rollover and added DTE/DCE – is used in router serial to router serial)

Some question in dump is not exactly same as in exam :  
QUESTION 330  
How is the redundancy represented in ntp master?  
A. N:1  
B. N+1  
C. 1:N

In exam it was question:  
How is provided master redundancy on a stacked switches:  
A. 1:N  
B. N:1  
C. 1:1  
D. 1+N  
I choose D. 1+N  
But correct answer A. 1:N – <http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/products/collateral/switches/catalyst-3750-series-switches/prod_white_paper09186a00801b096a.html>

QUESTION 131  
How do you maintain security in multiple websites?  
A. vpn  
B. dmvpn  
C. other  
D. other

In exam it was question:  
Which technology you will choose to connect multiple sites with secure connections?  
A. Point-to-point  
B. DMVPN  
C. vpn  
D. other  
Correct answer B

QUESTION 144  
What is the two benefits of DHCP snooping ? (Choose two)  
A. static reservation  
B. DHCP reservation  
C. prevent DHCP rouge server  
D. prevent untrusted host and servers to connect

In exam it was answers:  
A. prevents static reservation  
B. prevents DHCP reservation  
C. prevent DHCP rouge server  
D. track users hosts on the network.  
Answer still C,D

QUESTION 253  
Refer to the exhibit. If R1 sends traffic to 192.168.101.45 the traffic is sent through which interface?

In exam it was question:  
Refer to the exhibit. If R1 sends traffic to 192.168.10.45 the traffic is sent through which interface?

And you must know how to calculate netmask, first ip, last ip and broadcast.  
At the picture there is route to 192.168.10.32/27 throw FastEthernet 0/1  
Answer A. FastEthernet0/1

I had a few new questions:

1. What can you change to select switch as root bridge?  
A. make lower priority  
B. make higher priority  
C. make lower path cost  
D. make higher path cost  
answer A

2. Refer to exhibit. (picture the same as in question 238 in dump v27). What Administrative distance has route to 192.168.10.1 ?  
A. 1  
B. 90  
C. 110  
D. 120  
answer B

This one I had on exam and it is from old dumps (545 and 400 has this question)  
3. Which command is used to enable CHAP authentication, with PAP as the fallback method, on a serial interface?

A. Router(config-if)# ppp authentication chap fallback ppp  
B. Router(config-if)# ppp authentication chap pap  
C. Router(config-if)# authentication ppp chap fallback ppp  
D. Router(config-if)# authentication ppp chap pap

Answer: B  
Explanation:

This command tells the router first to use CHAP and then go to PAP if CHAP isn’t  
available.

Had this new question same like wrote @asd  
Which statement about IPv6 link-local addresses is true ?  
A. they must be configured on all IPv6 interface  
B. They must be globally unique  
C. They must be manually configured  
D. They are advertised globally on the network  
Correct answer A.  
Other option obviously incorrect

Had this new question same like wrote @soya  
Which configuration can be used with PAT to allow multiple inside address to be translated to a single outside address ?  
A. Dynamic Routing  
B. DNS  
C. Preempt  
D. overload  
Correct answer D

@Ataiz  
doka has answered these questions correct.

Which two statements about MPLS are true? (Choose two)  
A. It provides automatic authentication  
B. It can carry multiple protocols, including IPv4 and IPv6  
C. It encapsulates all traffic in an IPv4 header  
D. It uses labels to separate and foward customer traffic  
E. It tags customer traffic using 802.1q

Correct answer B,D

Which statement about recovering a password on a Cisco router is true?  
A.The default reset password is cisco  
B. It requires a secure SSl/VPN connection  
C. A factory resset is required if you forget the password  
D. It requires physical access to the router

Correct answer D

Which two types of information are held in the MAC address table? (Choose two)  
A. MAC address  
B. soure IP address  
C. destination IP address  
D. Protocols  
E. Port numbers

Correct answer A,E

Which command can you enter to create a NAT pool of 6 addresses?  
A. Router(config)#ip nat pool test 175.17.12.69 175.17.12.74 prefix-length 24  
B. Router(config)#ip nat pool test 175.17.12.69 175.17.13.74 prefix-length 16  
C. Router(config)#ip nat pool test 175.17.12.66 175.17.12.72 prefix-length 8  
D. Router(config)#ip nat pool test 175.17.12.69 175.17.12.76 prefix-length 8

Correct answer A

prefix-length does not take part in election something like more specific.

Answer A because its only option, that has 6 ip addresses – 69,70,71,72,73,74. In command you must use range which will include ip addresses that nat will use in translation.

Which header field is new on IPv6?  
A. Version  
B. Hop Limit  
C. Flow Label  
D. Traffic Class

Correct answer C

@tina

Which two statements about TACACS+ are true? (Choose two.)  
A. lt can run on a UNlX server.  
B. lt authenticates against the user database on the local device.  
C. lt is more secure than AAA authentication.  
D. lt is enabled on Cisco routers by default.  
E. lt uses a managed database.  
Correct Answer: AE

Explanation in dump v27 by genius(can’t paste links here)

What are two requirements for an HSRP group? (Choose two.)  
A. exactly one active router  
B. one or more standby routers  
C. one or more backup virtual routers  
D. exactly one standby active router  
E. exactly one backup virtual router

Correct Answer: AD

TheMacedonian pass

Why will a switch never learn a broadcast address?

**A.** Broadcasts only use network layer addressing.

**B.** A broadcast frame is never forwarded by a switch.

**C.** A broadcast address will never be the source address of a frame.

**D.** Broadcast addresses use an incorrect format for the switching table.

**E.** Broadcast frames are never sent to switches.

***Answer:*** C

Explanation:

Switches dynamically learn MAC addresses based on the source MAC addresses that it sees, and since

What are the possible trunking modes for a switch port? (Choose three.)

**A.** transparent

**B.** auto

**C.** on

**D.** desirable

**E.** client

**F.** forwarding

***Answer:*** B,C,D

Explanation:

What are three components that comprise the SNMP framework? (Choose three.)

**A.** MIB

**B.** agent

**C.** set

**D.** AES

**E.** supervisor

**F.** manager

***Answer:*** A,B,F

Explanation:

The SNMP framework consists of three parts:

\*An SNMP manager - The system used to control and monitor the activities of network devices using

SNMP.

\*An SNMP agent - The software component within the managed device that maintains the data for

the device and reports these data, as needed, to managing systems. Cisco Nexus

1 000V supports the agent and MIB. To enable the SNMP agent, you must define the relationship

between the manager and the agent.

\*A managed information base (MIB) - The collection of managed objects on the SNMP agent.

SNMP is defined in RFCs 3411 to 3418.

I had one question at the exam like this :

at the Genius Dumps is :  
Which logging command can enable administrators to correlate syslog messages with  
millisecond precision?

A. no logging console  
B. logging buffered 4  
C. no logging monitor  
D. service timestamps log datetime msec  
E. logging host 10.2.0.21  
Answer: D  
===========================  
but in the exam was :

Which logging command can enable administrators to correlate syslog messages with  
millisecond precision?

A service timestamps log datetime msec  
B service timestamps disable datetime min  
C service timestamps log monthly msec  
D service timestamps disable datetime sec  
correct is A

soo you see how Cisco is manipulate with the question, so be careful !!